



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

2006 REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 424

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 2006

The following bill was reported to the Senate from the House and ordered to be printed.

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TREY GRAYSON
SECRETARY OF STATE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
BY R. Adler

AN ACT relating to the protection of personal identifiers in domestic relation cases.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 403 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) If another section of this chapter or KRS 407.5311 or 407.5602 requires the provision of a personal identifier in a pleading, document, or exhibit filed with the court, the party making the filing shall provide the personal identifier in accordance with the Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure.

(2) The clerk of the court shall allow the unredacted sealed copy of the pleading, document, or exhibit containing personal identifiers to be accessed only by a party to the case, an attorney of record in the case, a judge of the court or other authorized court personnel, a duly authorized employee or agent of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services involved in child support matters attendant to the case, or a person authorized to view the copy by specific order of the court.

(3) As used in this section, "personal identifier" means a Social Security number, name of minor child, date of birth, or financial account number.

Section 2. KRS 403.150 is amended to read as follows:

(1) All proceedings under this chapter are commenced in the manner provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure.

(2) The verified petition in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation shall allege the marriage is irretrievably broken and shall set forth:

(a) The age, occupation, Social Security number, and residence of each party, provided in accordance with Section 1 of this Act, and his length of residence in this state. If domestic violence and abuse, as defined in KRS 403.720, is alleged by either party, the party filing the petition shall certify the existence and status of any domestic violence protective orders. The party filing the petition and alleging the abuse may substitute the party's attorney's address as

- 1 the address of the party and any minor children;
- 2 (b) The date of the marriage and the place at which it was registered;
- 3 (c) That the parties are separated and the date on which the parties separated;
- 4 (d) The names, ages, Social Security numbers, and addresses, provided in
5 accordance with Section 1 of this Act, of any living infant children of the
6 marriage, and whether the wife is pregnant;
- 7 (e) Any arrangements as to custody, visitation, and support of the children and the
8 maintenance of a spouse; and
- 9 (f) The relief sought.
- 10 (3) Either or both parties to the marriage may initiate the proceeding.
- 11 (4) If a proceeding is commenced by one of the parties, the other party must be served
12 in the manner provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure and may file a verified
13 response.
- 14 (5) Previously existing defenses to divorce and legal separation, including but not
15 limited to condonation, connivance, collusion, recrimination, insanity, and lapse of
16 time, are abolished.
- 17 (6) The court may join additional parties proper for the exercise of its authority to
18 implement this chapter.
- 19 (7) When the wife is pregnant at the time the petition is filed, the court may continue
20 the case until the pregnancy is terminated.

21 Section 3. KRS 403.160 is amended to read as follows:

- 22 (1) In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or for legal separation, or in a
23 proceeding for disposition of property or for maintenance or support following
24 dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the
25 absent spouse, either party may move for temporary maintenance. The motion shall
26 be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the factual basis for the motion and the
27 amounts requested.

- 1 (2) (a) In a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or child support,
2 either party, with notice to the opposing party, may move for temporary child
3 support. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the
4 number of children of the marriage and the information required to calculate
5 the combined adjusted parental gross income set forth in KRS 403.212(2)(g),
6 and the Social Security numbers, provided in accordance with Section 1 of
7 this Act, of all parties subject to the motion. The court shall, within fourteen
8 (14) days from the filing of said motion, order an amount of temporary child
9 support based upon the child support guidelines as provided by law, and the
10 ordered child support shall be retroactive to the date of the filing of the motion
11 unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- 12 (b) Upon a showing of good cause, either party may move the court to enter an
13 order for temporary child support without written or oral notice to the adverse
14 party. After reviewing the affidavit required by paragraph (a) of this
15 subsection, the court may issue a temporary child support order based upon
16 the child support guidelines. The order shall provide that the order becomes
17 effective seven (7) days following service of the order and movant's affidavit
18 upon the adverse party unless the adverse party, within the seven (7) day
19 period, files a motion for a hearing before the court. The motion for hearing
20 shall be accompanied by the affidavit required by paragraph (a) of this
21 subsection. Pending the hearing, the adverse party shall pay child support in
22 an amount based upon the guidelines and the adverse party's affidavit. The
23 child support order entered following the hearing shall be retroactive to the
24 date of the filing of the motion for temporary support unless otherwise ordered
25 by the court.
- 26 (3) As part of a motion for temporary maintenance or support or by independent motion
27 accompanied by affidavit, either party may request the court to issue a temporary

1 injunction or restraining order pursuant to the Rules of Civil Procedure.

2 (4) If the court or agent of the court is made aware that there is reasonable evidence of
3 domestic violence or child abuse, the court shall determine whether disclosure to
4 any other person of the information could be harmful to the parent or child, and if
5 the court determines that disclosure to any person could be harmful, the court and
6 its agents shall not make the disclosure.

7 (5) On the basis of the showing made and in conformity with KRS 403.200, the court
8 may issue a temporary injunction or restraining order and an order for temporary
9 maintenance in amounts and on terms just and proper in the circumstances.

10 (6) A temporary order or temporary injunction:

11 (a) Does not prejudice the rights of the parties or the child which are to be
12 adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;

13 (b) May be revoked or modified before final decree on a showing of the facts
14 necessary to revocation or modification under the circumstances; and

15 (c) Terminates when the final decree is entered or when the petition for
16 dissolution or legal separation is voluntarily dismissed.

17 Section 4. KRS 403.211 is amended to read as follows:

18 (1) An action to establish or enforce child support may be initiated by the parent,
19 custodian, or agency substantially contributing to the support of the child. The
20 action may be brought in the county in which the child resides or where the
21 defendant resides.

22 (2) At the time of initial establishment of a child support order, whether temporary or
23 permanent, or in any proceeding to modify a support order, the child support
24 guidelines in KRS 403.212 shall serve as a rebuttable presumption for the
25 establishment or modification of the amount of child support. Courts may deviate
26 from the guidelines where their application would be unjust or inappropriate. Any
27 deviation shall be accompanied by a written finding or specific finding on the

1 record by the court, specifying the reason for the deviation.

2 (3) A written finding or specific finding on the record that the application of the
3 guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case shall be sufficient to
4 rebut the presumption and allow for an appropriate adjustment of the guideline
5 award if based upon one (1) or more of the following criteria:

6 (a) A child's extraordinary medical or dental needs;

7 (b) A child's extraordinary educational, job training, or special needs;

8 (c) Either parent's own extraordinary needs, such as medical expenses;

9 (d) The independent financial resources, if any, of the child or children;

10 (e) Combined monthly adjusted parental gross income in excess of the Kentucky
11 child support guidelines;

12 (f) The parents of the child, having demonstrated knowledge of the amount of
13 child support established by the Kentucky child support guidelines, have
14 agreed to child support different from the guideline amount. However, no
15 such agreement shall be the basis of any deviation if public assistance is being
16 paid on behalf of a child under the provisions of Part D of Title IV of the
17 Federal Social Security Act; and

18 (g) Any similar factor of an extraordinary nature specifically identified by the
19 court which would make application of the guidelines inappropriate.

20 (4) "Extraordinary" as used in this section shall be determined by the court in its
21 discretion.

22 (5) When a party has defaulted or the court is otherwise presented with insufficient
23 evidence to determine gross income, the court shall order child support based upon
24 the needs of the child or the previous standard of living of the child, whichever is
25 greater. An order entered by default or due to insufficient evidence to determine
26 gross income may be modified upward and arrearages awarded from the date of the
27 original order if evidence of gross income is presented within two (2) years which

1 would have established a higher amount of child support pursuant to the child
2 support guidelines set forth in KRS 403.212.

3 (6) The court shall allocate between the parents, in proportion to their combined
4 monthly adjusted parental gross income, reasonable and necessary child care costs
5 incurred due to employment, job search, or education leading to employment, in
6 addition to the amount ordered under the child support guidelines.

7 (7) (a) If health care insurance coverage is reasonable and available at the time the
8 request for coverage is made, the court shall allocate between the parents, in
9 proportion to their combined monthly adjusted parental gross income, the cost
10 of health care insurance coverage for the child, in addition to the support
11 ordered under the child support guidelines.

12 (b) A parent, who has one hundred percent (100%) of the combined monthly
13 adjusted parental gross income, shall be entitled to a reduction in gross
14 income of the entire amount of premiums incurred and paid.

15 (c) The court shall order the cost of health care of the child to be paid by either or
16 both parents of the child regardless of who has physical custody. The court
17 order shall include:

18 1. A judicial directive designating which parent shall have financial
19 responsibility for providing health care for the dependent child, which
20 shall include, but not be limited to, insurance coverage, payments of
21 necessary health care deductibles or copayments; and

22 2. A statement providing that if the designated parent's health care
23 coverage provides for covered services for dependent children beyond
24 the age of majority, then any unmarried children up to twenty-five (25)
25 years of age who are full-time students enrolled in and attending an
26 accredited educational institution and who are primarily dependent on
27 the insured parent for maintenance and support shall be covered.

1 (d) If health care insurance coverage is not reasonable and available at the time
2 the request for the coverage is made, the court order shall provide for health
3 care insurance coverage at the time it becomes reasonable and available.

4 (8) The cost of extraordinary medical expenses shall be allocated between the parties in
5 proportion to their combined monthly adjusted parental gross incomes.
6 "Extraordinary medical expenses" means uninsured expenses in excess of one
7 hundred dollars (\$100) per child per calendar year. "Extraordinary medical
8 expenses" includes, but is not limited to, the costs that are reasonably necessary for
9 medical, surgical, dental, orthodontal, optometric, nursing, and hospital services; for
10 professional counseling or psychiatric therapy for diagnosed medical disorders; and
11 for drugs and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, diagnostic, and therapeutic
12 services.

13 (9) The court order shall include the Social Security numbers, provided in accordance
14 with Section 1 of this Act, of all parties subject to a support order.

15 (10) In any case administered by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, if the
16 parent ordered to provide health care coverage is enrolled through an insurer but
17 fails to enroll the child under family coverage, the other parent or the Cabinet for
18 Health and Family Services may, upon application, enroll the child.

19 (11) In any case administered by the cabinet, information received or transmitted shall
20 not be published or be open for public inspection, including reasonable evidence of
21 domestic violence or child abuse if the disclosure of the information could be
22 harmful to the custodial parent or the child of the parent. Necessary information and
23 records may be furnished as specified by KRS 205.175.

24 (12) In the case in which a noncustodial parent provides health care coverage, and
25 changes employment, and the new employer provides health care coverage, the
26 Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall transfer notice of the provision for
27 coverage for the child to the employer, which shall operate to enroll this child in the

1 noncustodial parent's health plan, unless the noncustodial parent contests the notice
 2 as specified by KRS Chapter 13B.

3 (13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any wage or income shall not
 4 be exempt from attachment or assignment for the payment of current child support
 5 or owed or to-be-owed child support.

6 (14) A payment of money received by a child as a result of a parental disability shall be
 7 credited against the child support obligation of the parent. A payment shall not be
 8 counted as income to either parent when calculating a child support obligation. An
 9 amount received in excess of the child support obligation shall be credited against a
 10 child support arrearage owed by the parent that accrued subsequent to the date of
 11 the parental disability, but shall not be applied to an arrearage that accrued prior to
 12 the date of disability. The date of disability shall be as determined by the paying
 13 agency.

14 Section 5. KRS 407.5311 is amended to read as follows:

15 (1) A petitioner seeking to establish or modify a support order or to determine
 16 parentage in a proceeding under KRS 407.5101 to 407.5902 must verify the
 17 petition. Unless otherwise ordered under KRS 407.5312, the petition or
 18 accompanying documents must provide, so far as known, the name, residential
 19 address, and Social Security numbers of the obligor and the obligee, and the name,
 20 sex, residential address, Social Security number, and date of birth of each child for
 21 whom support is sought, with the obligor's, obligee's, and children's personal
 22 identifiers provided in accordance with Section 1 of this Act. The petition must be
 23 accompanied by a certified copy of any support order in effect. The petition may
 24 include any other information that may assist in locating or identifying the
 25 respondent.

26 (2) The petition must specify the relief sought. The petition and accompanying
 27 documents must conform substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms

1 mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.

2 Section 6. KRS 407.5602 is amended to read as follows:

3 (1) A support order or income-withholding order of another state may be registered in
4 this state by sending the following documents and information to the Cabinet for
5 Health and Family Services or the appropriate tribunal within this state wherein the
6 obligor resides, works, or owns property:

7 (a) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;

8 (b) Two (2) copies, including one (1) certified copy, of all orders to be registered,
9 including any modification of an order;

10 (c) A sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified statement by
11 the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;

12 (d) The name of the obligor and, if known;

13 1. The obligor's address and the obligor's Social Security number provided
14 in accordance with Section 1 of this Act;

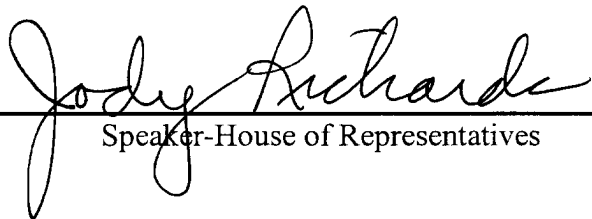
15 2. The name and address of the obligor's employer and any other source of
16 income of the obligor; and

17 3. A description and the location of property of the obligor in this state not
18 exempt from execution; and

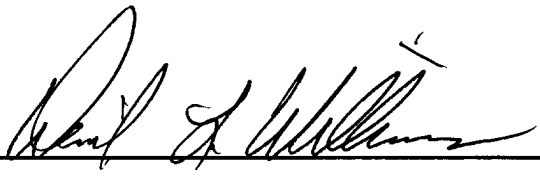
19 (e) The name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person
20 to whom support payments are to be remitted.

21 (2) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order
22 to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with one (1) copy of the documents and
23 information, regardless of their form.

24 (3) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively
25 sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for
26 registration or later. The pleading shall specify the grounds for the remedy sought.



Speaker-House of Representatives



President of the Senate

Attest: 

Chief Clerk of House of Representatives

Approved 

Governor

Date 